#### Case 2:20-cv-02264-JAM-CKD Document 1 Filed 11/13/20 Page 1 of 9 1 NICHOLAS M. WAJDA (State Bar #259178) Attorney Email Address: nick@wajdalawgroup.com 2 WAJDA LAW GROUP, APC 6167 Bristol Parkway, Suite 200 3 Culver City, California 90230 Telephone: (310) 997-0471 4 Facsimile: (866) 286-8433 5 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 9 10 Case No. LLOYD E. LAMB, 11 Plaintiff, **COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES** 12 1. VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT v. 13 **COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT, 15 U.S.C.** §1692 ET SEQ. 14 LVNV FUNDING, LLC, 2. VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE 15 **CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 47 U.S.C.** Defendant. § 227 ET SEQ.; 16 3. VIOLATIONS OF THE ROSENTHAL 17 FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT, CAL. CIV. CODE §1788 ET SEQ. 18 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 19 20 **COMPLAINT** 21 **NOW COMES** LLOYD E. LAMB ("Plaintiff"), by and through his undersigned attorney, 22 complaining of LVNV Funding, LLC ("Defendant") as follows: 23 24 NATURE OF THE ACTION 25 1. Plaintiff brings this action seeking redress for violations of the Fair Debt Collection 26 Practices Act ("FDCPA") pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692, violations of the Telephone Consumer 27 28

Protection Act ("TCPA") pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §227, and violations of the Rosenthal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act ("RFDCPA").

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 2. Subject matter jurisdiction is conferred upon this Court by the FDCPA and 28 U.S.C. §§1331 and 1337, as the action arises under the laws of the United States. Supplemental jurisdiction exists for the state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367.
- 3. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391 as Plaintiff resides in the Eastern District of California, Defendant conducts business in the Eastern District of California, and maintains significant business contacts in the Eastern District of California.

#### **PARTIES**

- 4. Plaintiff is a natural person over 18-years-of-age who is a "consumer" as the term is defined by 15 U.S.C §1692a(3), and is a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. §153(39).
- 5. Defendant is a limited liability company organized under the laws of Delaware. Defendant has its principal place of business at 6801 South Cimarron Road, Suite 424- J, Las Vegas, Nevada 89113. Defendant is a "debt collector" as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6) as the principal purpose of Defendant's business is the collection of debt. Defendant is a "debt collector" as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6) as it regularly collects or attempts to collect debts owed or due or asserted to be owed or due another.

#### **FACTS SUPPORTING CAUSES OF ACTION**

- 6. Prior to the events giving rise to this cause of action, Plaintiff defaulted on an outstanding debt with Citibank ("subject debt").
- 7. Subsequently, Calvary Portfolio Services, LLC ("Calvary"), a debt collector, acquired the right to collect on the defaulted subject debt.

on his credit, Plaintiff ensured Defendant was on notice Plaintiff had satisfied the subject debt.

15. Despite Plaintiff having satisfied the subject debt, Defendant continues to call Plaintiff and

16. Moreover, Defendant continues to inaccurately report the subject debt on Plaintiff's credit.

17. Furthermore, at no time did Defendant send Plaintiff any correspondence notifying him of

COUNT I – VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT

18. Plaintiff restates and realleges paragraphs 1 through 17 as though fully set forth herein.

151617

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

20

attempt to collect.

19

18

2122

23

24

25

26

2728

19. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as defined by FDCPA §1692a(3).

his rights pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692g.

## Case 2:20-cv-02264-JAM-CKD Document 1 Filed 11/13/20 Page 4 of 9

- 20. The alleged subject debt is a "debt" as defined by FDCPA §1692a(5) as it arises out of a transaction due or asserted to be owed or due to another for personal, family, or household purposes.

  21. Defendant is a "debt collector" as defined by §1692a(6) because its primary business is the collection of delinquent debts and it regularly collects debts and uses the mail, the telephones, and credit reporting to collect defaulted accounts allegedly owed to a third party.
  - 22. Moreover, Defendant is a "debt collector" because it acquired rights to the subject debt after it was allegedly in default. 15 U.S.C. §1692a(6).
  - 23. Defendant used credit reporting to attempt to collect the subject debt and, as such, engaged in "communications" as defined in FDCPA §1692a(2).
  - 24. Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. §1692d, d(5), e, e(2), e(8), e(10), and g through its unlawful debt collection practices.

### a. Violations of FDCPA § 1692d

- 25. Defendant violated §1692d by engaging in abusive, harassing, and oppressive conduct by relentlessly calling Plaintiff's cellular phone seeking immediate payment on the subject debt. Moreover, Defendant continued placing the relentless calls after being put on notice Plaintiff did not owe the subject debt.
- 26. Defendant violated §1692d(5) by causing Plaintiff's cellular phone to ring repeatedly and continuously in an attempt to engage Plaintiff in conversations regarding the collection of the subject debt with the intent to annoy, abuse, or harass Plaintiff. Specifically, Defendant placed or caused to be placed numerous harassing phone calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephones from September 2020 through the present day.

### b. Violations of FDCPA § 1692e

- 27. Defendant violated §1692e by using false, deceptive, and misleading representation in connection to collection of the alleged subject debt. The alleged subject debt was not owed at the time Defendant reported the debt as being owed.
- 28. Defendant violated §1692e(2) when it falsely misrepresented the character, amount, or legal status of the subject debt. Defendant attempted to collect the alleged debt from Plaintiff personally despite Plaintiff not owing the alleged debt, which had previously been paid. Defendant knew Plaintiff did not have any legal obligation to pay the subject debt, but despite having actual knowledge, Defendant began reporting the subject debt as unpaid.
- 29. Defendant violated §1692e(8) by communicating false and inaccurate credit reporting information regarding the subject debt to Plaintiff. Defendant knew or should have known that the subject debt was paid in full and that Plaintiff no longer owed the subject debt.
- 30. Defendant violated §1692e(10) by making false representations and employing deceptive means to induce Plaintiff into paying the subject debt. In order to secure payment of the subject debt, Defendant led Plaintiff to believe he owed a debt that he did not truly owe, thus hoping to drive Plaintiff to make a payment.

### c. Violations of FDCPA § 1692g

31. Defendant violated §1692g through its initial communication by failing to properly inform Plaintiff as to Plaintiff's rights for debt verification in a manner which was not reasonably calculated to confuse or frustrate the least sophisticated consumer. Despite the foregoing, Defendant reported on Plaintiff's credit as its initial communication and failed to adequately send Plaintiff his right to dispute the validity of the subject debt within five days of the initial communication.

## Case 2:20-cv-02264-JAM-CKD Document 1 Filed 11/13/20 Page 6 of 9

	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
1	0	
1	1	
1	2	
1	3	
1	4	
1	5	
	6	
1	7	
1	8	
1	9	
2	0	
2	1	
2	2	
2	3	
2		
2	5	
	6	
2	7	

28

32. As an experienced debt collector, Defendant knew or should have known the ramifications of not sending a validation notice within 5 days of the initial communication pursuant to §1692g.

### WHEREFORE, Plaintiff LLOYD E. LAMB respectfully requests that this Honorable Court:

- a. Declare that the practices complained of herein are unlawful and violate the aforementioned statute;
- b. Award Plaintiff statutory and actual damages, in an amount to be determined at trial, for the underlying FDCPA violations;
- c. Award Plaintiff costs and reasonable attorney fees as provided under 15 U.S.C. §1692k; and
- d. Award any other relief as the Honorable Court deems just and proper.

### COUNT II – VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

- 33. Plaintiff restates and realleges paragraphs 1 through 32 as though fully set forth herein.
- 34. Defendant repeatedly placed or caused to be placed frequent non-emergency calls, including but not limited to the calls referenced above, to Plaintiff's cellular telephone number using an automatic telephone dialing system ("ATDS") or prerecorded or artificial voice without Plaintiff's prior consent in violation of 47 U.S.C. §227 (b)(1)(A)(iii).
- 35. The TCPA defines ATDS as "equipment which has the capacity...to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator; and to dial such numbers." 47 U.S.C. §227(a)(1).
- 36. Upon information and belief, based on Defendant's lack of prompt human response during the phone calls in which Plaintiff answered, Defendant used an ATDS to place calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone.
- 37. Upon information and belief, the ATDS employed by Defendant transfers the call to a live agent once a human voice is detected, thus resulting in a pause after the called party speaks into the phone.

Case 2:20-cv-02264-JAM-CKD Document 1 Filed 11/13/20 Page 7 of 9

Case 2:20-cv-02264-JAM-CKD Document 1 Filed 11/13/20 Page 8 of 9

# 1 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, LLOYD E. LAMB, respectfully requests that this Honorable Court enter 2 judgment in his favor as follows: 3 a. Declare that the practices complained of herein are unlawful and violate the aforementioned 4 5 b. Award Plaintiff actual damages, pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.30(a); 6 c. Award Plaintiff statutory damages up to \$1,000.00, pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.30(b); 7 d. Award Plaintiff costs and reasonable attorney fees as provided pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code 8 § 1788.30(c); 9 e. Enjoining Defendant from further contacting Plaintiff seeking payment of the subject 10 consumer debt; and 11 f. Award any other relief as the Honorable Court deems just and proper. 12 Dated: November 13, 2020 Respectfully submitted, 13 14 By: /s/ Nicholas M. Wajda Nicholas M. Wajda 15 WAJDA LAW GROUP, APC 6167 Bristol Parkway, Suite 200 16 Culver City, California 90230 Telephone: (310) 997-0471 17 Facsimile: (866) 286-8433 18 Email: nick@wajdalawgroup.com 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

Case 2:20-cv-02264-JAM-CKD Document 1 Filed 11/13/20 Page 9 of 9